

## K–12 Science Standards for Alaska Correlation to *PhD Science*®

 Green indicates that *PhD Science*® fully addresses the standard within the grade level.

 Blue indicates that *PhD Science* covers the standard but in a different grade level.

 Yellow indicates that *PhD Science* partially covers the standard within the grade level.

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**Key:** Module (M), Lesson (L)

### *PhD Science* Level K

The Kindergarten K–12 Science Standards for Alaska are fully covered by the Level K *PhD Science* curriculum. A detailed analysis of alignment appears in the table below.

<b>Kindergarten Performance Expectations</b>		<b>Aligned <i>PhD Science</i> Lessons</b>
<b>K. Forces and Interactions: Pushes and Pulls</b>		<b>Aligned <i>PhD Science</i> Lessons</b>
K-PS2-1	Plan and conduct an investigation to compare the effects of different strengths or different directions of pushes and pulls on the motion of an object.	Level K M2 L1–23
K-PS2-2	Analyze data to determine if a design solution works as intended to change the speed or direction of an object with a push or a pull.	Level K M2 L17–23
<b>K. Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems: Animals, Plants, and Their Environment</b>		<b>Aligned <i>PhD Science</i> Lessons</b>
K-LS1-1	Use observations to describe patterns of what plants and animals (including humans) need to survive.	Level K M3 L4–16, 19–22, 27–29
K-ESS2-2	Construct an argument supported by evidence for how plants and animals (including humans) can change the environment to meet their needs.	Level K M4 L1–10, 14–16, 26–28
K-ESS3-1	Use a model to represent the relationship between the needs of different plants and animals (including humans) and the places they live.	Level K M3 L1–3, 9–29 Level K M4 L1–2, 8–9, 11–13
K-ESS3-3	Communicate solutions that will reduce the impact of humans on the land, water, air, and/or other living things in the local environment.	Level K M4 L14–24, 26–28

<b>K. Weather and Climate</b>		<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
K-PS3-1	Make observations to determine the effect of sunlight on Earth's surface.	Level K M1 L8–11, 28–30
K-PS3-2	Use tools and materials to design and build a structure that will reduce the warming effect of sunlight on an area.	Level K M1 L12–16, 28–30
K-ESS2-1	Use and share observations of local weather conditions to describe patterns over time.	Level K M1 L1–11, 17–24, 28–30 Level K M4 L25
K-ESS3-2	Ask questions to obtain information about the purpose of weather forecasting to prepare for, and respond to, severe weather.	Level K M1 L22–30
<b>K–2. Engineering Design</b>		<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
K–2-ETS1-1	Ask questions, make observations, and gather information about a situation people want to change to define a simple problem that can be solved through the development of a new or improved object or tool.	Level K M1 L12–16
K–2-ETS1-2	Develop a simple sketch, drawing, or physical model to illustrate how the shape of an object helps it function as needed to solve a given problem.	Level K M2 L17–20
K–2-ETS1-3	Analyze data and discuss data from tests of two objects designed to solve the same problem to compare the strengths and weaknesses of how each performs.	Level K M4 L20–24

<b>Science and Engineering Practices</b>		
<b>Asking Questions and Defining Problems</b>		<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
• Ask questions based on observations to find more information about the designed world.		Level K M1 L1–3, 22–26 Level K M2 L1–3, 9 Level K M3 L1–3, 14–16, 27–29
• Define a simple problem that can be solved through the development of a new or improved object or tool.		Level K M1 L4–7, 12–16
<b>Developing and Using Models</b>		<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
• Use a model to represent relationships in the natural world.		Level K M3 L1–3, 9–12, 19–20 Level K M4 L1–9, 11–16
• Develop a simple model based on evidence to represent a proposed object or tool.		Level K M1 L12–16

<b>Planning and Carrying Out Investigations</b>		<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
With guidance, plan and conduct an investigation in collaboration with peers.		Level K M2 L7–8, 10–15 Level K M3 L4–8
Make observations (firsthand or from media) to collect data that can be used to make comparisons.		Level K M1 L4–7, 10–11, 17–24, 28–30 Level K M2 L7–8, 16–23 Level K M3 L21
<b>Analyzing and Interpreting Data</b>		<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
Use observations (firsthand or from media) to describe patterns in the natural world in order to answer scientific questions.		Level K M3 L4–8, 14–20, 22–26 Level K M4 L25
Analyze data from tests of an object or tool to determine if it works as intended.		Level K M4 L20–24
<b>Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions</b>		<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
Use tools and materials provided to design and build a device that solves a specific problem or a solution to a specific problem.		Level K M2 L17–20
<b>Engaging in Argument from Evidence</b>		<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
Construct an argument with evidence to support a claim.		Level K M3 L17–21, 27–29
<b>Obtaining, Evaluating, and Communicating Information</b>		<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
Read grade-appropriate texts and/or use media to obtain scientific information to describe patterns in the natural world.		Level K M4 L1–2, 6–10, 14–16, 18–19
Communicate solutions with others in oral and/or written forms using models and/or drawings that provide detail about scientific ideas.		Level K M1 L12–16, 28–30 Level K M2 L21–23 Level K M3 L27–29 Level K M4 L20–24, 26–28

<b>Disciplinary Core Ideas</b>		
<b>PS2.A</b>	<b>Forces and Motion</b>	<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
	Pushes and pulls can have different strengths and directions.	Level K M2 L7–23
	Pushing or pulling on an object can change the speed or direction of its motion and can start or stop it.	Level K M2 L1–23
<b>PS2.B</b>	<b>Types of Interactions</b>	
	When objects touch or collide, they push on one another and can change motion.	
	Level K M2 L13–23	

		Aligned PhD Science Lessons
PS3.B	<b>Conservation of Energy and Energy Transfer</b>	
	Sunlight warms Earth's surface.	Level K M1 L8–16, 28–30
PS3.C	<b>Relationship Between Energy and Forces</b>	Aligned PhD Science Lessons
	A bigger push or pull makes things speed up or slow down more quickly.	Level K M2 L7–9, 21–23
LS1.C	<b>Organization for Matter and Energy Flow in Organisms</b>	Aligned PhD Science Lessons
	All animals need food in order to live and grow. They obtain their food from plants or from other animals. Plants need water and light to live and grow.	Level K M3 L4–16, 19–20, 22, 27–29
ESS2.D	<b>Weather and Climate</b>	Aligned PhD Science Lessons
	Weather is the combination of sunlight, wind, snow or rain, and temperature in a particular region at a particular time. People measure these conditions to describe and record the weather and to notice patterns over time.	Level K M1 L1–11, 17–24, 28–30 Level K M4 L25
ESS2.E	<b>Biogeology</b>	Aligned PhD Science Lessons
	Plants and animals can change their environment.	Level K M4 L1–10, 14–16, 26–28
ESS3.A	<b>Natural Resources</b>	Aligned PhD Science Lessons
	Living things need water, air, and resources from the land, and they live in places that have the things they need. Humans use natural resources for everything they do.	Level K M3 L1–3, 9–29 Level K M4 L1–5, 8–9, 11–16
ESS3.B	<b>Natural Hazards</b>	Aligned PhD Science Lessons
	Some kinds of severe weather are more likely than others in a given region. Weather scientists forecast severe weather so that communities can prepare for and respond to these events.	Level K M1 L17–20, 22–30
ESS3.C	<b>Human Impacts on Earth Systems</b>	Aligned PhD Science Lessons
	Things that people do to live comfortably can affect the world around them. But they can make choices that reduce their impacts on the land, water, air, and other living things.	Level K M4 L11–24, 26–28

ETS1.A	Defining and Delimiting Engineering Problems	Aligned <i>PhD Science</i> Lessons
	A situation that people want to change or create can be approached as a problem to be solved through engineering.	Level K M1 L4–7, 12–16 Level K M2 L17–20
	Asking questions, making observations, and gathering information are helpful in thinking about problems.	Level K M1 L12–16
	Before beginning to design a solution, it is important to clearly understand the problem.	Level K M1 L12–16
ETS1.B	Developing Possible Solutions	Aligned <i>PhD Science</i> Lessons
	Designs can be conveyed through sketches, drawings, or physical models. These representations are useful in communicating ideas for a problem’s solutions to other people.	Level K M2 L17–20 Level K M4 L20–24
ETS1.C	Optimizing the Design Solution	Aligned <i>PhD Science</i> Lessons
	Because there is always more than one possible solution to a problem, it is useful to compare and test designs.	Level K M4 L20–24

Crosscutting Concepts		Aligned <i>PhD Science</i> Lessons
<b>Patterns</b>		Aligned <i>PhD Science</i> Lessons
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Patterns in the natural and human designed world can be observed, used to describe phenomena, and used as evidence.</li> </ul>		Level K M1 L17–30 Level K M2 L1–6, 17–20 Level K M3 L4–8, 14–20, 22, 26–29 Level K M4 L3–5
<b>Cause and Effect</b>		Aligned <i>PhD Science</i> Lessons
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Events have causes that generate observable patterns.</li> </ul>		Level K M2 L4–16, 21–23 Level K M4 L3–5, 10, 14–19, 26–28
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Simple tests can be designed to gather evidence to support or refute student ideas about causes.</li> </ul>		Level K M2 L10–12, 17–20

Systems and System Models	Aligned PhD Science Lessons
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Systems in the natural and designed world have parts that work together.</li></ul>	Level K M3 L1–3, 9–13, 19–21, 23–25, 27–29 Level K M4 L1–9, 11–16
Structure and Function	Aligned PhD Science Lessons
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>The shape and stability of structures of natural and designed objects are related to their function(s).</li></ul>	Level K M1 L10–16 Level K M4 L20–24

Connections to Nature of Science	Aligned PhD Science Lessons
<b>Scientific Investigations Use a Variety of Methods</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Scientists use different ways to study the world.</li></ul>	Level K M2 L16
<b>Scientific Knowledge Is Based on Empirical Evidence</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Scientists look for patterns and order when making observations about the world.</li></ul>	Level K M3 L4–8, 14–16

Connections to Engineering, Technology, and Applications of Science	Aligned PhD Science Lessons
<b>Interdependence of Science, Engineering, and Technology</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>People encounter questions about the natural world every day.</li></ul>	Level K M3 L1–3 Level K M4 L25
<b>Influence of Engineering, Technology, and Science on Society and the Natural World</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>People depend on various technologies in their lives; human life would be very different without technology.</li></ul>	Level K M4 L18–19

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### *PhD Science* Level 1

The Grade 1 K–12 Science Standards for Alaska are fully covered by the Level 1 *PhD Science* curriculum. A detailed analysis of alignment appears in the table below.

<b>First Grade Performance Expectations</b>		<b>Aligned <i>PhD Science</i> Lessons</b>
<b>1. Waves: Light and Sound</b>		<b>Aligned <i>PhD Science</i> Lessons</b>
1-PS4-1	Plan and conduct investigations to provide evidence that vibrating materials can make sound and that sound can make materials vibrate.	Level 1 M3 L1–17, 26–29
1-PS4-2	Make observations to construct an evidence-based account that objects in darkness can be seen only when illuminated.	Level 1 M2 L1–9, 21–23
1-PS4-3	Plan and conduct investigations to determine the effect of placing objects made with different materials in the path of a beam of light.	Level 1 M2 L1–3, 10–23
1-PS4-4	Use tools and materials to design and build a device that uses light or sound to solve the problem of communicating over a distance.	Level 1 M3 L18–29

<b>1. Structure, Function, and Information Processing</b>		<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
1-LS1-1	Use materials to design a solution to a human problem by mimicking how plants and/or animals use their external parts to help them survive, grow, and meet their needs.	Level 1 M1 L1–21, 27–29
1-LS1-2	Read texts and use media to determine patterns in behavior of parents and offspring that help offspring survive.	Level 1 M1 L24–29
1-LS3-1	Make observations to construct an evidence-based account that young plants and animals are like, but not exactly like, their parents.	Level 1 M1 L22–23, 26–29
<b>1. Space Systems: Patterns and Cycles</b>		<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
1-ESS1-1	Use observations of the sun, moon, stars, and tides to describe patterns that can be predicted.	Level 1 M4 L1–8, 14–25
1-ESS1-2	Make and graph observations at different times of year to relate the amount of daylight to the time of year, and graph findings.	Level 1 M4 L9–13, 23–25
<b>K–2. Engineering Design</b>		<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
K–2-ETS1-1	Ask questions, make observations, and gather information about a situation people want to change to define a simple problem that can be solved through the development of a new or improved object or tool.	Level 1 M1 L11–15
K–2-ETS1-2	Develop a simple sketch, drawing, or physical model to illustrate how the shape of an object helps it function as needed to solve a given problem.	Level 1 M3 L21–25
K–2-ETS1-3	Analyze and discuss data from tests of two objects designed to solve the same problem to compare the strengths and weaknesses of how each performs.	Level 1 M3 L21–25

<b>Science and Engineering Practices</b>	
<b>Asking Questions and Defining Problems</b>	<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Ask questions based on observations to find more information about the natural and/or designed world(s).</li></ul>	Level 1 M1 L1–3 Level 1 M2 L1–3 Level 1 M3 L1–3 Level 1 M4 L1–3, 14–16
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Define a simple problem that can be solved through the development of a new or improved object or tool.</li></ul>	Level 1 M1 L11–15
<b>Developing and Using Models</b>	<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Develop a simple model based on evidence to represent a proposed object or tool.</li></ul>	Level 1 M1 L11–15
<b>Planning and Carrying Out Investigations</b>	<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Plan and conduct investigations collaboratively to produce evidence to answer a question.</li></ul>	Level 1 M1 L19–20 Level 1 M2 L15–18
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Make observations (firsthand or from media) to collect data that can be used to make comparisons.</li></ul>	Level 1 M2 L4–12, 15–18, 20–23 Level 1 M3 L1–7, 11–13, 18–19 Level 1 M4 L4–6, 14–16, 19–21
<b>Analyzing and Interpreting Data</b>	<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Use observations (firsthand or from media) to describe patterns in the natural world in order to answer scientific questions.</li></ul>	Level 1 M1 L16–21, 27–29 Level 1 M2 L1–9 Level 1 M3 L10 Level 1 M4 L4–6, 9–13
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Analyze data from tests of an object or tool to determine if it works as intended.</li></ul>	Level 1 M3 L8–9

<b>Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions</b>		<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
• Make observations (firsthand or from media) to construct an evidence-based account for natural phenomena.		Level 1 M1 L7–8, 16–17, 22–23, 26–29 Level 1 M2 L4–7, 21–23 Level 1 M3 L4–6, 14, 26–29
• Use tools and materials provided to design a device that solves a specific problem or a solution to a specific problem.		Level 1 M1 L11–15
<b>Obtaining, Evaluating, and Communicating Information</b>		<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
• Read grade-appropriate texts and use media to obtain scientific information to determine patterns in the natural world.		Level 1 M1 L24–25 Level 1 M3 L18–19 Level 1 M4 L9–13

<b>Disciplinary Core Ideas</b>		
<b>PS4.A</b>	<b>Wave Properties</b>	<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
	Sound can make matter vibrate, and vibrating matter can make sound.	Level 1 M3 L1–17, 26–29
<b>PS4.B</b>	<b>Electromagnetic Radiation</b>	<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
	Objects can be seen if light is available to illuminate them or if they give off their own light.	Level 1 M2 L1–9, 21–23
	Some materials allow light to pass through them, others allow only some light through, and others block all the light and create a dark shadow on any surface beyond them, where the light cannot reach. Mirrors can be used to redirect a light beam.	Level 1 M2 L1–3, 10–23
<b>PS4.C</b>	<b>Information Technologies and Instrumentation</b>	<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
	People also use a variety of devices to communicate (send and receive information) over long distances.	Level 1 M3 L18–29
<b>LS1.A</b>	<b>Structure and Function</b>	<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
	All organisms have external parts. Different animals use their body parts in different ways to see, hear, grasp objects, protect themselves, move from place to place, and seek, find, and take in food, water, and air. Plants also have different parts (roots, stems, leaves, flowers, fruits) that help them survive and grow.	Level 1 M1 L1–15, 27–29

	<b>Growth and Development of Organisms</b>	<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
LS1.B	Adult plants and animals can have young. In many kinds of animals, parents and the offspring themselves engage in behaviors that help the offspring to survive.	Level 1 M1 L24–29
LS1.D	<b>Information Processing</b>	<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
	Animals have body parts that capture and convey different kinds of information needed for growth and survival. Animals respond to these inputs with behaviors that help them survive. Plants also respond to some external inputs.	Level 1 M1 L16–21, 27–29
LS3.A	<b>Inheritance of Traits</b>	<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
	Young animals are very much, but not exactly, like their parents. Plants also are very much, but not exactly, like their parents.	Level 1 M1 L22–23, 26–29
LS3.B	<b>Variation of Traits</b>	<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
	Individuals of the same kind of plant or animal are recognizable as similar but can also vary in many ways.	Level 1 M1 L22–23, 27–29
ESS1.A	<b>The Universe and Its Stars</b>	<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
	Patterns of the motion of the sun, moon, and stars in the sky can be observed, described, and predicted.	Level 1 M4 L1–8, 14–25
ESS1.B	<b>Earth and the Solar System</b>	<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
	Seasonal patterns of sunrise and sunset can be observed, described, and predicted.	Level 1 M4 L9–13, 23–25
ETS1.A	<b>Defining and Delimiting Engineering Problems</b>	<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
	A situation that people want to change or create can be approached as a problem to be solved through engineering.	Level 1 M1 L11–15
	Asking questions, making observations, and gathering information are helpful in thinking about problems.	Level 1 M1 L11–15
	Before beginning to design a solution, it is important to clearly understand the problem.	Level 1 M1 L11–15
ETS1.B	<b>Developing Possible Solutions</b>	<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
	Designs can be conveyed through sketches, drawings, or physical models. These representations are useful in communicating ideas for a problem’s solutions to other people.	Level 1 M3 L21–25
ETS1.C	<b>Optimizing the Design Solution</b>	<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
	Because there is always more than one possible solution to a problem, it is useful to compare and test designs.	Level 1 M3 L21–25

<b>Crosscutting Concepts</b>		
<b>Patterns</b>		<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
• Patterns in the natural and human designed world can be observed, used to describe phenomena, and used as evidence.		Level 1 M1 L1–6, 16–29 Level 1 M2 L1–9, 21–23 Level 1 M3 L1–7, 11–13, 17–20, 26–29 Level 1 M4 L1–25
<b>Cause and Effect</b>		<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
• Simple tests can be designed to gather evidence to support or refute student ideas about causes.		Level 1 M2 L13–14 Level 1 M3 L7, 15–16
<b>Structure and Function</b>		<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
• The shape and stability of structures of natural and designed objects are related to their function(s).		Level 1 M1 L4–15, 27–29 Level 1 M3 L8–9

<b>Connections to Nature of Science</b>		
<b>Scientific Investigations Use a Variety of Methods</b>		<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
• Science investigations begin with a question.		Level 1 M2 L15–18
• Scientists use different ways to study the world.		Level 1 M4 L4–6
<b>Scientific Knowledge Is Based on Empirical Evidence</b>		<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
• Scientists look for patterns and order when making observations about the world.		Level 1 M1 L24–25 Level 1 M2 L10–12
<b>Scientific Knowledge Assumes an Order and Consistency in Natural Systems</b>		<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
• Science assumes natural events happen today as they happened in the past.		Level 1 M4 L9–13
• Many events are repeated.		Level 1 M4 L9–13

<b>Connections to Engineering, Technology, and Applications of Science</b>	
<b>Influence of Engineering, Technology, and Science on Society and the Natural World</b>	<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
• Every human-made product is designed by applying some knowledge of the natural world and is built using materials derived from the natural world.	Level 1 M1 L10–15
• People depend on various technologies in their lives; human life would be very different without technology.	Level 1 M3 L20

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### *PhD Science* Level 2

The Grade 2 K–12 Science Standards for Alaska are [fully covered] by the Level 2 *PhD Science* curriculum. A detailed analysis of alignment appears in the table below.

<b>Second Grade Performance Expectations</b>		<b>Aligned <i>PhD Science</i> Lessons</b>
<b>2. Structure and Properties of Matter</b>		
2-PS1-1	Plan and conduct an investigation to describe and classify different kinds of materials by their observable properties.	Level 2 M1 L1–9, 12–16, 19, 23, 29–31 Level 2 M2 L3–4, 14–17
2-PS1-2	Analyze data obtained from testing different materials to determine which materials have the properties that are best suited for an intended purpose.	Level 2 M1 L20–31
2-PS1-3	Make observations to construct an evidence-based account of how an object made of a small set of pieces can be disassembled and made into a new object.	Level 2 M1 L10–11, 29–31
2-PS1-4	Construct an argument with evidence that some changes caused by heating or cooling can be reversed and some cannot.	Level 2 M1 L14–19, 29–31

<b>2. Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems</b>		<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
2-LS2-1	Plan and conduct an investigation to determine if plants need sunlight and water to grow.	Level 2 M3 L1–7, 25–29
2-LS2-2	Develop a simple model that mimics the function of an animal in dispersing seeds or pollinating plants.	Level 2 M3 L8–29
2-LS4-1	Make observations of plants and animals to compare the diversity of life in different habitats.	Level 2 M4 L1–3, 7–25
<b>2. Earth’s Systems: Processes That Shape the Earth</b>		<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
2-ESS1-1	Use information from several sources to provide evidence that Earth events can occur quickly or slowly.	Level 2 M2 L18–24
2-ESS2-1	Compare multiple solutions designed to slow or prevent wind or water from changing the shape of the land.	Level 2 M2 L1–17, 20, 22–24
2-ESS2-2	Develop a model to represent the shapes and kinds of land and bodies of water in an area.	Level 2 M2 L1–2, 5–6 Level 2 M4 L1–6, 11–16, 20–21, 23–25
2-ESS2-3	Obtain information to identify where water is found on Earth and that it can be solid or liquid.	Level 2 M4 L1–6, 16, 22–25
<b>K–2. Engineering Design</b>		<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
K–2-ETS1-1	Ask questions, make observations, and gather information about a situation people want to change to define a simple problem that can be solved through the development of a new or improved object or tool.	Level 2 M1 L24–28 Level 2 M2 L8–12
K–2-ETS1-2	Develop a simple sketch, drawing, or physical model to illustrate how the shape of an object helps it function as needed to solve a given problem.	Level 2 M3 L14–18
K–2-ETS1-3	Analyze and discuss data from tests of two objects designed to solve the same problem to compare the strengths and weaknesses of how each performs.	Level 2 M2 L8–12, 14–17

<b>Science and Engineering Practices</b>	
<b>Asking Questions and Defining Problems</b>	<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Ask questions based on observations to find more information about the natural and/or designed world(s).</li><li>Define a simple problem that can be solved through the development of a new or improved object or tool.</li></ul>	<p>Level 2 M1 L1–3 Level 2 M2 L1–2 Level 2 M3 L1–2 Level 2 M4 L1–3 Level 2 M3 L14–18</p>
<b>Developing and Using Models</b>	<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Develop a model to represent patterns in the natural world.</li><li>Develop a simple model based on evidence to represent a proposed object or tool.</li></ul>	<p>Level 2 M1 L1–3, 14–16, 19, 29–31 Level 2 M2 L1–2, 14–17, 20–24 Level 2 M3 L1–6, 8–12, 19–20, 23–29 Level 2 M4 L1–3, 7–8 Level 2 M3 L14–18</p>
<b>Planning and Carrying Out Investigations</b>	<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Plan and conduct an investigation collaboratively to produce data to serve as the basis for evidence to answer a question.</li><li>Make observations (firsthand or from media) to collect data which can be used to make comparisons.</li></ul>	<p>Level 2 M2 L8–12 Level 2 M3 L3–7 Level 2 M4 L17–19 Level 2 M1 L1–3, 29–31 Level 2 M2 L1–6, 14–19 Level 2 M3 L3–6, 8–11, 13, 21–22, 25–29 Level 2 M4 L16–19</p>
<b>Analyzing and Interpreting Data</b>	<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Analyze data from tests of an object or tool to determine if it works as intended.</li></ul>	<p>Level 2 M1 L20–22, 24–28 Level 2 M3 L14–18</p>

Constructing Explanations and Designing Solutions	Aligned PhD Science Lessons
• Make observations (firsthand or from media) to construct an evidence-based account for natural phenomena.	Level 2 M1 L8–9, 12–13, 17–19, 23, 29–31 Level 2 M2 L3–4, 7, 13, 22–24 Level 2 M4 L23–25
• Compare multiple solutions to a problem.	Level 2 M2 L8–12, 14–17
Engaging in Argument from Evidence	Aligned PhD Science Lessons
• Construct an argument with evidence to support a claim.	Level 2 M2 L3–4, 10–13, 21–24 Level 2 M4 L16
Obtaining, Evaluating, and Communicating Information	Aligned PhD Science Lessons
• Obtain information using various texts, text features (e.g., headings, tables of contents, glossaries, electronic menus, icons), and other media that will be useful in answering a scientific question.	Level 2 M2 L5–6, 18–19 Level 2 M4 L4–9, 11–16, 23–25

Disciplinary Core Ideas	
PS1.A	<b>Structure and Properties of Matter</b>
	Different kinds of matter exist and many of them can be either solid or liquid, depending on temperature. Matter can be described and classified by its observable properties.
	Different properties are suited to different purposes.
	A great variety of objects can be built up from a small set of pieces.
PS1.B	<b>Chemical Reactions</b>
	Heating or cooling a substance may cause changes that can be observed. Sometimes these changes are reversible, and sometimes they are not.
LS2.A	<b>Interdependent Relationships in Ecosystems</b>
	Plants depend on water and light to grow.
	Plants depend on animals for pollination or to move their seeds around.
LS4.D	<b>Biodiversity and Humans</b>
	There are many different kinds of living things in any area, and they exist in different places on land and in water.

		Aligned PhD Science Lessons
ESS1.C	<b>The History of Planet Earth</b>	
	Some events happen very quickly; others occur very slowly, over a time period much longer than one can observe.	Level 2 M2 L18–24
ESS2.A	<b>Earth Materials and Systems</b>	Aligned PhD Science Lessons
	Wind and water can change the shape of the land.	Level 2 M2 L1–17, 20, 22–24
ESS2.B	<b>Plate Tectonics and Large-Scale System Interactions</b>	Aligned PhD Science Lessons
	Maps show where things are located. One can map the shapes and kinds of land and water in any area.	Level 2 M2 L1–2, 5–6 Level 2 M4 L1–6, 11–16, 20–21, 23–25
ESS2.C	<b>The Roles of Water in Earth's Surface Processes</b>	Aligned PhD Science Lessons
	Water is found in the ocean, rivers, lakes, and ponds. Water exists as solid ice and in liquid form.	Level 2 M4 L1–6, 16, 22–25
ETS1.A	<b>Defining and Delimiting Engineering Problems</b>	Aligned PhD Science Lessons
	A situation that people want to change or create can be approached as a problem to be solved through engineering.	Level 2 M1 L24–28 Level 2 M2 L8–12
	Asking questions, making observations, and gathering information are helpful in thinking about problems.	Level 2 M1 L24–28
	Before beginning to design a solution, it is important to clearly understand the problem.	Level 2 M1 L24–28
ETS1.B	<b>Developing Possible Solutions</b>	Aligned PhD Science Lessons
	Designs can be conveyed through sketches, drawings, or physical models. These representations are useful in communicating ideas for a problem's solutions to other people.	Level 2 M3 L14–18
ETS1.C	<b>Optimizing the Design Solution</b>	Aligned PhD Science Lessons
	Because there is always more than one possible solution to a problem, it is useful to compare and test designs.	Level 2 M2 L8–12, 14–17

<b>Crosscutting Concepts</b>		
<b>Patterns</b>		<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
• Patterns in the natural and human designed world can be observed.		Level 2 M1 L4–9 Level 2 M2 L1–2, 5–6 Level 2 M4 L1–8, 11–15, 20–21, 23–25
<b>Cause and Effect</b>		<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
• Events have causes that generate observable patterns.		Level 2 M1 L14–19, 29–31 Level 2 M2 L20–21 Level 2 M3 L8–11
• Simple tests can be designed to gather evidence to support or refute student ideas about causes.		Level 2 M1 L14–18 Level 2 M2 L8–12 Level 2 M3 L3–7
<b>Energy and Matter</b>		<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
• Objects may break into smaller pieces and be put together into larger pieces or change shapes.		Level 2 M1 L10–11, 29–31 Level 2 M2 L3–4, 8–13, 22–24
<b>Structure and Function</b>		<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
• The shape and stability of structures of natural and designed objects are related to their function(s).		Level 2 M1 L24–28 Level 2 M2 L14–17 Level 2 M3 L8–11, 14–22
<b>Stability and Change</b>		<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
• Things may change slowly or rapidly.		Level 2 M2 L18–24

<b>Connections to Nature of Science</b>	
<b>Scientific Knowledge Is Based on Empirical Evidence</b>	<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
• Scientists look for patterns and order when making observations about the world.	Level 2 M4 L11–13, 17–21
<b>Science Models, Laws, Mechanisms, and Theories Explain Natural Phenomena</b>	<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
• Science searches for cause and effect relationships to explain natural events.	Level 2 M2 L10–12
<b>Science Addresses Questions about the Natural and Material World</b>	<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
• Scientists study the natural and material world.	Level 2 M1 L20–22, 29–31 Level 2 M2 L1–4, 22–24 Level 2 M3 L25–29 Level 2 M4 L23–25

<b>Connections to Engineering, Technology, and Applications of Science</b>	
<b>Influence of Engineering, Technology, and Science on Society and the Natural World</b>	<b>Aligned PhD Science Lessons</b>
• Every human-made product is designed by applying some knowledge of the natural world and is built using materials derived from the natural world.	Level 2 M2 L14–17 Level 2 M3 L14–18
• Developing and using technology has impacts on the natural world.	Level 2 M2 L8–9
• Make observations from several sources to construct an evidence-based account for natural phenomena.	Level 2 M1 L8–9, 12–13, 17–19, 23, 29–31 Level 2 M2 L3–4, 7, 13, 22–24 Level 2 M4 L23–25