ABOUT EUREKA MATH

ALIGNED

DATA

FULL SUITE OF RESOURCES

Created by the nonprofit Great Minds, Eureka Math helps teachers deliver unparalleled math instruction that provides students with a deep understanding and fluency in math. Crafted by teachers and math scholars, the curriculum carefully sequences the mathematical progressions to maximize coherence from Prekindergarten through Precalculus-a principle tested and proven to be essential in students' mastery of math.

Teachers and students using Eureka Math find the trademark "Aha!" moments in Eureka Math to be a source of joy and inspiration, lesson after lesson, year after year.

Eureka Math is the only curriculum found by EdReports.org to align fully with the Common Core State Standards for Mathematics for all grades, Kindergarten through Grade 8. Great Minds offers detailed analyses which demonstrate how each grade of Eureka Math aligns with specific state standards. Access these free alignment studies at greatminds.org/state-studies.

Schools and districts nationwide are experiencing student growth and impressive test scores after using Eureka Math. See their stories and data at greatminds.org/data.

As a nonprofit, Great Minds offers the Eureka Math curriculum as PDF downloads for free, noncommercial use. Access the free PDFs at greatminds.org/math/curriculum.

The teacher-writers who created the curriculum have also developed essential resources, available only from Great Minds, including the following:

- Printed material in English and Spanish
- Digital resources
- Professional development
- Classroom tools and manipulatives
- Teacher support materials
- Parent resources


## Delaware Common Core State Standards: Mathematics Correlation to Eureka Math ${ }^{\text {™ }}$

## INTEGRATED IV

Eureka Math does not currently offer an integrated curriculum; however, the Integrated IV ${ }^{1}$ Delaware Common Core State Standards: Mathematics are fully covered by the Eureka Math curriculum. Standards from this pathway will require the use of Eureka Math content from multiple high school courses. A detailed analysis of alignment is provided in the table below.

[^0]| Conceptual Category | Domain | Standards for Mathematical Content | Aligned Components of Eureka Math |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number and Quantity | The Complex Number System | Cluster: Perform arithmetic operations with complex numbers. |  |
|  |  | N-CN.A. 3 <br> (+) Find the conjugate of a complex number; use conjugates to find moduli and quotients of complex numbers. | Precalculus and Advanced Topics M1 Lessons 7-8: Complex Number Division <br> Precalculus and Advanced Topics M1 Lesson 9: The Geometric Effect of Some Complex Arithmetic <br> Precalculus and Advanced Topics M1 Lesson 17: The Geometric Effect of Multiplying by a Reciprocal |
|  |  | Cluster: Represent complex numbers and their operations on the complex plane. |  |
|  |  | N-CN.B. 4 <br> (+) Represent complex numbers on the complex plane in rectangular and polar form (including real and imaginary numbers), and explain why the rectangular and polar forms of a given complex number represent the same number. | Precalculus and Advanced Topics M1: Complex Numbers and Transformations |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | N-CN.B. 5 <br> (+) Represent addition, subtraction, multiplication, and conjugation of complex numbers geometrically on the complex plane; use properties of this representation for computation. | Precalculus and Advanced Topics M1 Lesson 6: Complex Numbers as Vectors <br> Precalculus and Advanced Topics M1 Topic B: Complex Number Operations as Transformations <br> Precalculus and Advanced Topics M1 Lessons 18-19: Exploiting the Connection to Trigonometry <br> Precalculus and Advanced Topics M1 Lesson 20: Exploiting the Connection to Cartesian Coordinates <br> Precalculus and Advanced Topics M2 Lesson 4: Linear Transformations Review |
|  |  | N-CN.B. 6 <br> (+) Calculate the distance between numbers in the complex plane as the modulus of the difference, and the midpoint of a segment as the average of the numbers at its endpoints. | Precalculus and Advanced Topics M1 Lessons 11-12: Distance and Complex Numbers |
|  | Vector and Matrix Quantities | Cluster: Represent and model with vector quantities. |  |
|  |  | N-VM.A. 1 <br> (+) Recognize vector quantities as having both magnitude and direction. Represent vector quantities by directed line segments, and use appropriate symbols for vectors and their magnitudes (e.g., $\boldsymbol{v},\|\boldsymbol{v}\|,\\|\boldsymbol{v}\\|, v)$. | Precalculus and Advanced Topics M2 Lesson 17: Vectors in the Coordinate Plane <br> Precalculus and Advanced Topics M2 Lesson 18: Vectors and Translation Maps <br> Precalculus and Advanced Topics M2 Lesson 20: Vectors and Stone Bridges |



| Conceptual Category | Domain | Standards for Mathematical Content | Aligned Components of Eureka Ma |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | c. Understand vector subtraction $\boldsymbol{v}-\boldsymbol{w}$ as $\boldsymbol{v}+(-\boldsymbol{v})$, where $-\boldsymbol{v}$ is the additive inverse of $\boldsymbol{w}$, with the same magnitude as $\boldsymbol{w}$ and pointing in the opposite direction. Represent vector subtraction graphically by connecting the tips in the appropriate order, and perform vector subtraction component-wise. | Precalculus and Advanced Topics M2 Lesson 17: Vectors in the Coordinate Plane <br> Precalculus and Advanced Topics M2 Lesson 18: Vectors and Translation Maps |
|  |  | N-VM.B. 5 <br> (+) Multiply a vector by a scalar. |  |
|  |  | a. Represent scalar multiplication graphically by scaling vectors and possibly reversing their direction; perform scalar multiplication componentwise, e.g., as $c\left(v_{\mathrm{x}}, v_{\mathrm{y}}\right)=\left(c v_{\mathrm{x}}, c v_{\mathrm{y}}\right)$. | Precalculus and Advanced Topics M2 Lesson 5: Coordinates of Points in Space <br> Precalculus and Advanced Topics M2 Lesson 6: Linear Transformations as Matrices <br> Precalculus and Advanced Topics M2 Lesson 17: Vectors in the Coordinate Plane <br> Precalculus and Advanced Topics M2 Lesson 18: Vectors and Translation Maps |



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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | N-VM.C. 8 <br> (+) Add, subtract, and multiply matrices of appropriate dimensions. | Precalculus and Advanced Topics M1 Lesson 22: Modeling Video Game Motion with Matrices <br> Precalculus and Advanced Topics M1 Lesson 24: Matrix Notation Encompasses New Transformations! <br> Precalculus and Advanced Topics M1 Lesson 25: Matrix Multiplication and Addition <br> Precalculus and Advanced Topics M2: Vectors and Matrices |
|  |  | N-VM.C. 9 <br> (+) Understand that, unlike multiplication of numbers, matrix multiplication for square matrices is not a commutative operation, but still satisfies the associative and distributive properties. | Precalculus and Advanced Topics M2 Lesson 10: Matrix Multiplication Is Not Commutative <br> Precalculus and Advanced Topics M2 Lesson 12: Matrix Multiplication Is Distributive and Associative |
|  |  | N-VM.C. 10 <br> (+) Understand that the zero and identity matrices play a role in matrix addition and multiplication similar to the role of 0 and 1 in the real numbers. The determinant of a square matrix is nonzero if and only if the matrix has a multiplicative inverse. | Precalculus and Advanced Topics M1 Topic C: The Power of the Right Notation <br> Precalculus and Advanced Topics M2 Lesson 6: Linear Transformations as Matrices <br> Precalculus and Advanced Topics M2 Lesson 13: Using Matrix Operations for Encryption <br> Precalculus and Advanced Topics M2 Topic C: Systems of Linear Equations |


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| Domain | Standards for Mathematical <br> Content | Aligned Components of Eureka Math |  |
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| Algebra | Reasoning <br> with <br> Equations <br> and <br> Inequalities | Cluster: Solve systems of equations. |  |
|  | A-REI.C.8 <br> $(+)$ Represent a system of linear <br> equations as a single matrix <br> equation in a vector variable. | Precalculus and Advanced Topics M2 Topic C: Systems of <br> Linear Equations |  |
|  |  | A-REI.C.9 <br> (+) Find the inverse of a matrix <br> if it exists and use it to solve <br> systems of linear equations <br> (using technology for matrices of <br> dimension $3 \times 3$ or greater). | Precalculus and Advanced Topics M2 Topic C: Systems of <br> Linear Equations |


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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Functions | Interpreting Functions | Cluster: Analyze functions using different representations. |  |
|  |  | F-IF.C. 7 <br> Graph functions expressed symbolically and show key features of the graph, by hand in simple cases and using technology for more complicated cases. |  |
|  |  | d. (+) Graph rational functions, identifying zeros and asymptotes when suitable factorizations are available, and showing end behavior. | Precalculus and Advanced Topics M3 Topic B: Rational Functions and Composition of Functions |
|  | Building Functions | Cluster: Build a function that models a relationship between two quantities. |  |
|  |  | F-BF.A. 1 <br> Write a function that describes a relationship between two quantities. |  |
|  |  | c. (+) Compose functions. | Precalculus and Advanced Topics M3 Lesson 16: Function Composition <br> Precalculus and Advanced Topics M3 Lesson 17: Solving Problems by Function Composition |



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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Trigonometric Functions | Cluster: Extend the domain of trigonometric functions using the unit circle. |  |
|  |  | F-TF.A. 3 <br> (+) Use special triangles to determine geometrically the values of sine, cosine, tangent for $\pi / 3, \pi / 4$ and $\pi / 6$, and use the unit circle to express the values of sine, cosine, and tangent for $\pi-x, \pi+x$, and $2 \pi-x$ in terms of their values for $x$, where $x$ is any real number. | Algebra II M2 Lesson 4: From Circle-ometry to Trigonometry <br> Algebra II M2 Lesson 5: Extending the Domain of Sine and Cosine to All Real Numbers <br> Algebra II M2 Lesson 6: Why Call It Tangent? <br> Algebra II M2 Lesson 10: Basic Trigonometric Identities from Graphs <br> Precalculus and Advanced Topics M4 Lesson 1: Special Triangles and the Unit Circle |
|  |  | F-TF.A. 4 <br> (+) Use the unit circle to explain symmetry (odd and even) and periodicity of trigonometric functions. | Precalculus and Advanced Topics M4 Lesson 2: Properties of Trigonometric Functions |
|  |  | Cluster: Model periodic phen | mena with trigonometric functions. |
|  |  | F-TF.B. 6 <br> (+) Understand that restricting a trigonometric function to a domain on which it is always increasing or always decreasing allows its inverse to be constructed. | Precalculus and Advanced Topics M4 Lesson 12: Inverse Trigonometric Functions |



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| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Geometric | Cluster: Explain volume for | as and use them to solve problems. |
|  | and <br> Dimension | G-GMD.A. 2 <br> (+) Give an informal argument using Cavalieri's principle for the formulas for the volume of a sphere and other solid figures. | Geometry M3 Lesson 10: The Volume of Prisms and Cylinders and Cavalieri's Principle <br> Geometry M3 Lesson 11: The Volume Formula of a Pyramid and Cone <br> Geometry M3 Lesson 12: The Volume Formula of a Sphere Geometry M3 Lesson 13: How Do 3D Printers Work? <br> Precalculus and Advanced Topics M3 Lesson 9: Volume and Cavalieri's Principle |
| Statistics and Probability | Using <br> Probability to Make Decisions | Cluster: Calculate expected values and use them to solve problems. |  |
|  |  | S-MD.A. 1 <br> (+) Define a random variable for a quantity of interest by assigning a numerical value to each event in a sample space; graph the corresponding probability distribution using the same graphical displays as for data distributions. | Precalculus and Advanced Topics M5 Lesson 5: Discrete Random Variables <br> Precalculus and Advanced Topics M5 Lesson 6: Probability Distribution of a Discrete Random Variable <br> Precalculus and Advanced Topics M5 Lessons 13-14: Games of Chance and Expected Value <br> Precalculus and Advanced Topics M5 Lesson 15: Using Expected Values to Compare Strategies |
|  |  | S-MD.A. 2 <br> (+) Calculate the expected value of a random variable; interpret it as the mean of the probability distribution. | Precalculus and Advanced Topics M5 Lesson 7: Expected <br> Value of a Discrete Random Variable <br> Precalculus and Advanced Topics M5 Lesson 8: Interpreting Expected Value <br> Precalculus and Advanced Topics M5 Lessons 13-14: Games of Chance and Expected Value <br> Precalculus and Advanced Topics M5 Lesson 15: Using Expected Values to Compare Strategies |




[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Fourth Course in the Integrated Pathway

