



ABOUT <i>EUREKA MATH</i>	Created by the nonprofit Great Minds, <i>Eureka Math</i> helps teachers deliver unparalleled math instruction that provides students with a deep understanding of and fluency in math. Crafted by teachers and math scholars, the curriculum carefully sequences the mathematical progressions to maximize coherence from Prekindergarten through Precalculus—a principle tested and proven to be essential in students' mastery of math.
	Teachers and students using <i>Eureka Math</i> find the trademark "Aha!" moments in <i>Eureka Math</i> to be a source of joy and inspiration, lesson after lesson, year after year.
ALIGNED	<i>Eureka Math</i> is the only curriculum found by <u>EdReports.org</u> to align fully with the Common Core State Standards for Mathematics for all grades, Kindergarten through Grade 8. Great Minds offers detailed analyses that demonstrate how each grade of <i>Eureka Math</i> aligns with specific state standards. Access these free alignment studies at <u>greatminds.org/state-studies</u> .
DATA	Schools and districts nationwide are experiencing student growth and impressive test scores after using <i>Eureka Math</i> . See their stories and data at greatminds.org/data.
FULL SUITE OF RESOURCES	As a nonprofit, Great Minds offers the <i>Eureka Math</i> curriculum as PDF downloads for free, noncommercial use. Access the free PDFs at greatminds.org/resources.
	The teacher–writers who created the curriculum have also developed essential resources, available only from Great Minds, including the following:
	Printed material in English and Spanish

- Digital resources
- Professional development
- Classroom tools and manipulatives
- Teacher support materials
- Parent resources

# Florida Benchmarks for Excellent Student Thinking (B.E.S.T.) Standards in Mathematics Correlation to *Eureka Math*<sup>®</sup>

# **GRADE 8 MATHEMATICS**

The majority of the Grade 8 Florida B.E.S.T. Mathematics Standards are fully covered by the Grade 8 *Eureka Math* curriculum. A small number of standards from Algebraic Reasoning, Geometric Reasoning, and Data Analysis and Probability will require the use of *Eureka Math* content from another grade level. A detailed analysis of alignment is provided in the table below.

## **INDICATORS**

- **GREEN** indicates the Florida standard is addressed in *Eureka Math*.
- YELLOW indicates the Florida standard may not be completely addressed in *Eureka Math*.
- **RED** indicates the Florida standard is not addressed in *Eureka Math*.
- BLUE indicates there is a discrepancy between the grade level at which this standard is addressed in Florida and in *Eureka Math*.

Strand	Benchmark	Aligned Components of Eureka Math	
Number Sense and Operations	Standard: MA.8.NSO.1 Solve problems involving rational numbers, including numbers in scientific notation, and extend the understanding of rational numbers to irrational numbers.		
	MA.8.NSO.1.1 Extend previous understanding of rational numbers to define irrational numbers within the real number system. Locate an approximate value of a numerical expression involving irrational numbers on a number line.	G8 M7 Topic B: Decimal Expansions of Numbers	
	MA.8.NSO.1.2 Plot, order and compare rational and irrational numbers represented in various forms.	G8 M7 Lesson 13: Comparing Irrational Numbers	
	MA.8.NSO.1.3 Extend previous understanding of the Laws of Exponents to include integer exponents. Apply the Laws of Exponents to evaluate numerical expressions and generate equivalent numerical expressions, limited to integer exponents and rational number bases, with procedural fluency.	<ul> <li>G8 M1 Lesson 2: Multiplication of Numbers in Exponential Form</li> <li>G8 M1 Lesson 3: Numbers in Exponential Form Raised to a Power</li> <li>G8 M1 Lesson 4: Numbers Raised to the Zeroth Power</li> <li>G8 M1 Lesson 5: Negative Exponents and the Laws of Exponents</li> </ul>	
	MA.8.NSO.1.4 Express numbers in scientific notation to represent and approximate very large or very small quantities. Determine how many times larger or smaller one number is compared to a second number.	G8 M1 Lesson 9: Scientific Notation G8 M1 Lesson 10: Operations with Numbers in Scientific Notation	

#### Benchmark

## Aligned Components of Eureka Math

	MA.8.NSO.1.5 Add, subtract, multiply and divide numbers expressed in scientific notation with procedural fluency.	G8 M1 Lesson 10: Operations with Numbers in Scientific Notation G8 M1 Lesson 11: Efficacy of Scientific Notation
	MA.8.NSO.1.6 Solve real-world problems involving operations with numbers expressed in scientific notation.	<ul> <li>G8 M1 Lesson 11: Efficacy of Scientific Notation</li> <li>G8 M1 Lesson 12: Choice of Unit</li> <li>G8 M1 Lesson 13: Comparison of Numbers Written in Scientific Notation and Interpreting Scientific Notation Using Technology</li> </ul>
	<b>MA.8.NSO.1.7</b> Solve multi-step mathematical and real-world problems involving the order of operations with rational numbers, including exponents and radicals.	G8 M1 Lesson 10: Operations with Numbers in Scientific Notation G8 M8 Topic D: Applications of Radicals and Roots
Algebraic Reasoning	Standard: MA.8.AR.1 Generate equivalent algebraic expressions.	
	MA.8.AR.1.1 Apply the Laws of Exponents to generate equivalent algebraic expressions, limited to integer exponents and monomial bases.	G8 M1 Topic A: Exponential Notation and Properties of Integer Exponents

#### Benchmark

## Aligned Components of Eureka Math

MA.8.AR.1.2 Apply properties of operations to multiply two linear expressions with rational coefficients.	G8 M4 Lesson 1: Writing Equations Using Symbols G8 M4 Lesson 2: Linear and Nonlinear Expressions in <i>x</i>	
MA.8.AR.1.3 Rewrite the sum of two algebraic expressions having a common monomial factor as a common factor multiplied by the sum of two algebraic expressions.	G8 M4 Lesson 8: Linear Equations in Disguise	
Standard: MA.8.AR.2 Solve multi-step one-variable equations and inequalities.		
MA.8.AR.2.1 Solve multi-step linear equations in one variable, with rational number coefficients. Include equations with variables on both sides.	G8 M4 Topic A: Writing and Solving Linear Equations	
MA.8.AR.2.2 Solve two-step linear inequalities in one variable and represent solutions algebraically and graphically.	G7 M3 Lesson 12: Properties of Inequalities G7 M3 Lesson 13: Inequalities G7 M3 Lesson 14: Solving Inequalities	
	G7 M3 Lesson 15: Graphing Solutions to Inequalities	

Strand	Benchmark	Aligned Components of Eureka Math	
	MA.8.AR.2.3	G8 M7 Lesson 2: Square Roots	
	Given an equation in the form of $x^2 = p$ and $x^3 = q$ , where p is a whole number and q is an integer, determine the	G8 M7 Lesson 3: Existence and Uniqueness of Square Roots and Cube Roots	
		G8 M7 Lesson 4: Simplifying Square Roots	
	Standard: MA.8.AR.3 Extend understanding of proportional relationships to two-variable linear equations.		
	MA.8.AR.3.1	G8 M4 Lesson 10: A Critical Look at Proportional Polationships	
	Determine if a linear relationship is also a proportional relationship.		
	MA.8.AR.3.2	G8 M4 Topic C: Slope and Equations of Lines	
	Given a table, graph or written description of a linear relationship, determine the slope.		
	MA.8.AR.3.3	G8 M4 Topic C: Slope and Equations of Lines	
	Given a table, graph or written description of a linear relationship, write an equation in slope-intercept form.		
	MA.8.AR.3.4	G8 M4 Topic C: Slope and Equations of Lines	
	Given a mathematical or real-world context, graph a two-variable linear equation from a written description, a table or an equation in slope-intercept form.		

Strand	Benchmark		Aligned Components of Eureka Math
	MA.8.AR.3.5 Given a real-world context, determine and interpret the slope and <i>y</i> -intercept of a two-variable linear equation from a written description, a table, a graph or an equation in slope-intercept form.		G8 M4 Topic C: Slope and Equations of Lines
	Standard: MA.8.AR.4 Develop an understanding of two-variable systems of equa	ati	ions.
	MA.8.AR.4.1 Given a system of two linear equations and a specified set of possible solutions, determine which ordered pairs satisfy the system of linear equations.		G8 M4 Topic D: Systems of Linear Equations and Their Solutions
	MA.8.AR.4.2 Given a system of two linear equations represented graphically on the same coordinate plane, determine whether there is one solution, no solution or infinitely many solutions.		G8 M4 Topic D: Systems of Linear Equations and Their Solutions
	MA.8.AR.4.3 Given a mathematical or real-world context, solve systems of two linear equations by graphing.		G8 M4 Topic D: Systems of Linear Equations and Their Solutions

Benchmark

Functions	Standard: MA.8.F.1 Define, evaluate and compare functions.		
	MA.8.F.1.1	G8 M5 Lesson 1: The Concept of a Function	
	Given a set of ordered pairs, a table, a graph or mapping diagram, determine whether the relationship is a function. Identify the domain and range of the relation.	G8 M5 Lesson 2: Formal Definition of a Function	
	MA.8.F.1.2	G8 M5 Lesson 3: Linear Functions and Proportionality	
	determine whether the function is a linear function. Given an input-output table, determine whether it could represent a linear function.		
	MA.8.F.1.3	G8 M5 Lesson 6: Graphs of Linear Functions and Rate of Change	
	representation of a functional relationship between two quantities and identify where the function is increasing, decreasing or constant.	G8 M5 Lesson 7: Comparing Linear Functions and Graphs	
Geometric Reasoning	Standard: MA.8.GR.1 Develop an understanding of the Pythagorean Theorem and angle relationships involving triangles.		
	MA.8.GR.1.1	G8 M7 Topic C: The Pythagorean Theorem	
	Apply the Pythagorean Theorem to solve mathematical and real-world problems involving unknown side lengths in right triangles.		

MA.8.GR.1.2	G8 M7 Topic C: The Pythagorean Theorem
Apply the Pythagorean Theorem to solve mathematical and real-world problems involving the distance between two points in a coordinate plane.	
MA.8.GR.1.3	G8 M3 Topic B: Similar Figures
Use the Triangle Inequality Theorem to determine if a triangle can be formed from a given set of sides. Use the converse of the Pythagorean Theorem to determine if a right triangle can be formed from a given set of sides.	
MA.8.GR.1.4 Solve mathematical problems involving the relationships	G7 M6 Lesson 1: Complementary and Supplementary Angles
between supplementary, complementary, vertical or adjacent angles.	G7 M6 Lessons 2–4: Solving for Unknown Angles Using Equations
MA.8.GR.1.5	G7 M6 Lesson 1: Complementary and Supplementary Angles
Solve problems involving the relationships of interior and exterior angles of a triangle.	G7 M6 Lessons 2–4: Solving for Unknown Angles Using Equations
MA.8.GR.1.6	G7 M6 Topic B: Constructing Triangles
Develop and use formulas for the sums of the interior angles of regular polygons by decomposing them into triangles.	

Standard: MA.8.GR.2 Understand similarity and congruence using models and transformations.			
MA.8.GR.2.1	G8 M2 Topic A: Definitions and Properties of the Basic Rigid Motions		
Given a preimage and image generated by a single transformation, identify the transformation that describes the relationship.	G8 M3 Topic B: Sequencing the Basic Rigid Motions		
MA.8.GR.2.2	G8 M3 Lesson 1: What Lies Behind "Same Shape"?		
Given a preimage and image generated by a single dilation, identify the scale factor that describes the relationship.	G8 M3 Lesson 2: Properties of Dilations		
	G8 M3 Lesson 3: Examples of Dilations		
MA.8.GR.2.3	G8 M3 Topic B: Sequencing the Basic Rigid Motions		
Describe and apply the effect of a single transformation on two-dimensional figures using coordinates and the coordinate plane.	G8 M3 Topic A: Dilation		
MA.8.GR.2.4	G8 M2 Topic B: Similar Figures		
Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving proportional relationships between similar triangles.			
Standard: MA.7.GR.2 Solve problems involving three-dimensional figures, including right circular cylinders.			
MA.7.GR.2.1	G7 M6 Topic D: Problems Involving Area and Surface Area		
Given a mathematical or real-world context, find the surface area of a right circular cylinder using the figure's net.			

Strand	Benchmark		Aligned Components of Eureka Math
	MA.7.GR.2.2 Solve real-world problems involving surface area of right circular cylinders.		G7 M6 Topic D: Problems Involving Area and Surface Area
	MA.7.GR.2.3		G7 M7 Topic E: Problems Involving Volume
	Solve mathematical and real-world problems involving volume of right circular cylinders.		
Data Analysis and Probability	Standard: MA.8.DP.1 Represent and investigate numerical bivariate data.		
	MA.8.DP.1.1		G8 M6 Topic B: Bivariate Numerical Data
	Given a set of real-world bivariate numerical data, construct a scatter plot or a line graph as appropriate for the context.		
	MA.8.DP.1.2		G8 M6 Lesson 7: Patterns in Scatter Plots
	Given a scatter plot within a real-world context, describe patterns of association.		
	MA.8.DP.1.3	(	G8 M6 Topic B: Bivariate Numerical Data
	Given a scatter plot with a linear association, informally fit a straight line.		
	Standard: MA.8.DP.2 Represent and find probabilities of repeated experiments.		
	MA.8.DP.2.1	(	G7 M5 Topic A: Calculating and
	Determine the sample space for a repeated experiment.		

Strand	Benchmark	Aligned Components of Eureka Math
	MA.8.DP.2.2 Find the theoretical probability of an event related to a repeated experiment.	G7 M5 Lesson 8: The Difference Between Theoretical Probabilities and Estimated Probabilities G7 M5 Lesson 9: Comparing Estimated Probabilities to Probabilities Predicted by a Mode
	MA.8.DP.2.3 Solve real-world problems involving probabilities related to single or repeated experiments, including making predictions based on theoretical probability.	<ul> <li>G7 M5 Lesson 8: The Difference Between Theoretical Probabilities and Estimated Probabilities</li> <li>G7 M5 Lesson 9: Comparing Estimated Probabilities to Probabilities Predicted by a Model</li> <li>G7 M5 Lessons 10–11: Conducting a Simulation to Estimate the Probability of an Event</li> <li>G7 M5 Lesson 12: Applying Probability to Make Informed Decisions</li> </ul>