



Mathematics I | California Common Core Math Standards Correlation to Eureka Math^{2®} California Edition

When the original *Eureka Math*® curriculum was released, it quickly became the most widely used K-5 mathematics curriculum in the country. Now, the Great Minds® teacher-writers have created *Eureka Math*²® *California Edition*, a groundbreaking new curriculum that helps teachers deliver exponentially better math instruction while still providing students with the same deep understanding of and fluency in math. *Eureka Math*² *California Edition* carefully sequences mathematical content to maximize vertical alignment—a principle tested and proven to be essential in students' mastery of math—from kindergarten through high school.

While this innovative new curriculum includes all the trademark *Eureka Math* aha moments that have been delighting students and teachers for years, it also boasts these exciting new features:

Teachability

Eureka Math² California Edition employs streamlined materials that allow teachers to plan more efficiently and focus their energy on delivering high-quality instruction that meets the individual needs of their students. Differentiation suggestions, slide decks, digital interactives, and multiple forms of assessment are just a few of the resources built right into the teacher materials.

Accessibility

Eureka Math² California Edition incorporates Universal Design for Learning principles so all learners can access the mathematics and take on challenging math concepts. Student supports are built into the instructional design and are clearly identified in the Teach book. Further, the curriculum carries a focus on readability. By eliminating unnecessary words and using simple, clear sentences, the Eureka Math² California Edition teacher–writers have created one of the most readable mathematics curricula on the market. The curriculum's readability and accessibility help all students see themselves as mathematical thinkers and doers who are fully capable of owning their mathematics learning.

Digital Engagement

The digital elements of *Eureka Math*² *California Edition* add to students' engagement with the math. The curriculum provides teachers with digital slides for each lesson. In addition, each grade level includes wordless videos that spark students' interest and curiosity. Students at all levels work through mathematical explorations that help lead to their own mathematical discoveries. Digital lessons and videos provide opportunities for students to wonder, explore, and make sense of mathematics, which contributes to the development of a strong, positive mathematical identity.

Standards for Mathematical Practice

Aligned Components

MP.1 Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.	Lessons in every module engage students in mathematical practices. These are indicated in margin notes included with every lesson.
MP.2 Reason abstractly and quantitatively.	Lessons in every module engage students in mathematical practices. These are indicated in margin notes included with every lesson.
MP.3 Construct viable arguments and critique the reasoning of others.	Lessons in every module engage students in mathematical practices. These are indicated in margin notes included with every lesson.
MP.4 Model with mathematics.	Lessons in every module engage students in mathematical practices. These are indicated in margin notes included with every lesson.
MP.5 Use appropriate tools strategically.	Lessons in every module engage students in mathematical practices. These are indicated in margin notes included with every lesson.
MP.6 Attend to precision.	Lessons in every module engage students in mathematical practices. These are indicated in margin notes included with every lesson.
MP.7 Look for and make use of structure.	Lessons in every module engage students in mathematical practices. These are indicated in margin notes included with every lesson.
MP.8 Look for and express regularity in repeated reasoning.	Lessons in every module engage students in mathematical practices. These are indicated in margin notes included with every lesson.

Quantities

Reason quantitatively and use units to solve problems.

California Common Core State Standards

Aligned Components

N.Q.A.1	Math 1 M1 Lesson 1: A Powerful Trio
Use units as a way to understand problems and to guide the solution of multi-step problems; choose and interpret units consistently in formulas; choose and interpret the scale and the origin in graphs and data displays.	Math 1 M3 Lesson 14: Comparing Models for Situations Math 1 M3 Lesson 15: Mars Curiosity Rover Math 1 M6 Lesson 3: Analyzing Paint Splatters Math 1 M6 Lesson 9: Solar System Models Math 1 M6 Lesson 10: Designing a Fundraiser Math 1 M6 Lesson 11: A Vanishing Sea
N.Q.A.2 Define appropriate quantities for the purpose of descriptive modeling.	Math 1 M1 Lesson 1: A Powerful Trio Math 1 M3 Lesson 14: Comparing Models for Situations Math 1 M6 Lesson 3: Analyzing Paint Splatters Math 1 M6 Lesson 9: Solar System Models Math 1 M6 Lesson 10: Designing a Fundraiser Math 1 M6 Lesson 11: A Vanishing Sea
N.Q.A.3 Choose a level of accuracy appropriate to limitations on measurement when reporting quantities.	Math 1 M6 Lesson 3: Analyzing Paint Splatters Math 1 M6 Lesson 9: Solar System Models Math 1 M6 Lesson 10: Designing a Fundraiser Math 1 M6 Lesson 11: A Vanishing Sea

Seeing Structure in Expressions

Interpret the structure of expressions.

California Common Core State Standards

Aligned Components

A.SSE.A.1	Supplemental material is necessary to address this standard.
Interpret expressions that represent a quantity in terms of its context.	
A.SSE.A.1.a	Math 1 M1 Lesson 4: Interpreting Linear Expressions
Interpret parts of an expression, such as terms, factors, and coefficients.	
A.SSE.A.1.b	Math 1 M5 Lesson 7: Exponential Functions
Interpret complicated expressions	Math 1 M5 Lesson 14: Exponential Growth
by viewing one or more of their parts	Math 1 M5 Lesson 15: Exponential Decay
as a single entity.	Math 1 M5 Lesson 16: Modeling Populations
	Math 1 M5 Lesson 22: Modeling the Temperature of Objects Cooling Over Time

Creating Equations

Create equations that describe numbers or relationships.

California Common Core State Standards

Aligned Components

A.CED.A.1	Math 1 M1 Lesson 5: Printing Presses
Create equations and inequalities in one variable including ones with absolute value and use them to solve problems.	Math 1 M1 Lesson 9: Writing and Solving Equations in One Variable Math 1 M1 Lesson 11: Solving Linear Inequalities in One Variable

Aligned Components

A.CED.A.2	Math 1 M2 Lesson 1: Solution Sets of Linear Equations in Two Variables
Create equations in two or more	Math 1 M2 Lesson 2: Graphing Linear Equations in Two Variables
variables to represent relationships between quantities; graph equations	Math 1 M2 Lesson 3: Creating Linear Equations in Two Variables
on coordinate axes with labels and scales.	Math 1 M2 Lesson 4: Proving Conditional Statements
	Math 1 M2 Lesson 5: Proving Biconditional Statements
	Math 1 M2 Lesson 8: Low-Flow Showerhead
	Math 1 M2 Lesson 12: Applications of Systems of Equations
	Math 1 M4 Lesson 5: Proving the Perpendicular Criterion
A.CED.A.3	Math 1 M1 Lesson 9: Writing and Solving Equations in One Variable
Represent constraints by equations	Math 1 M1 Lesson 12: Solution Sets of Compound Statements
or inequalities, and by systems	Math 1 M1 Lesson 13: Solving and Graphing Compound Inequalities
of equations and/or inequalities, and interpret solutions as viable or non-viable	Math 1 M2 Lesson 1: Solution Sets of Linear Equations in Two Variables
options in a modeling context.	Math 1 M2 Lesson 15: Applications of Linear Inequalities
	Math 1 M2 Lesson 18: Applications of Systems of Linear Inequalities
	Math 1 M6 Lesson 3: Analyzing Paint Splatters
	Math 1 M6 Lesson 9: Solar System Models
	Math 1 M6 Lesson 10: Designing a Fundraiser
	Math 1 M6 Lesson 11: A Vanishing Sea
A.CED.A.4	Math 1 M1 Lesson 10: Rearranging Formulas
Rearrange formulas to highlight a quantity of interest, using the same reasoning as in solving equations.	
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Reasoning with Equations and Inequalities

Understand solving equations as a process of reasoning and explain the reasoning.

California Common Core State Standards

Aligned Components

A.REI.A.1

Explain each step in solving a simple equation as following from the equality of numbers asserted at the previous step, starting from the assumption that the original equation has a solution.

Construct a viable argument to justify a solution method.

Math 1 M1 Lesson 3: The Commutative, Associative, and Distributive Properties

Math 1 M1 Lesson 7: Solving Linear Equations in One Variable

Math 1 M1 Lesson 8: Some Potential Dangers When Solving Equations

Math 1 M1 Lesson 9: Writing and Solving Equations in One Variable

Reasoning with Equations and Inequalities

Solve equations and inequalities in one variable.

California Common Core State Standards

Aligned Components

A.REI.B.3

Solve linear equations and inequalities in one variable, including equations with coefficients represented by letters.

Math 1 M1 Lesson 5: Printing Presses

Math 1 M1 Lesson 6: Solution Sets of Equations and Inequalities in One Variable

Math 1 M1 Lesson 7: Solving Linear Equations in One Variable

Math 1 M1 Lesson 8: Some Potential Dangers When Solving Equations

Math 1 M1 Lesson 9: Writing and Solving Equations in One Variable

Math 1 M1 Lesson 11: Solving Linear Inequalities in One Variable

Math 1 M1 Topic C: Compound Statements Involving Equations and Inequalities in One Variable

Aligned Components

A.REI.B.3.1

Solve one-variable equations and inequalities involving absolute value, graphing the solutions and interpreting them in context.

Math 1 M1 Topic C: Compound Statements Involving Equations and Inequalities in One Variable

Reasoning with Equations and Inequalities

Solve systems of equations.

California Common Core State Standards

Aligned Components

A.REI.C.5	Math 1 M2 Lesson 10: A New Way to Solve Systems
Prove that, given a system of two equations in two variables, replacing one equation by the sum of that equation and a multiple of the other produces a system with the same solutions.	
A.REI.C.6	Math 1 M2 Topic B: Systems of Linear Equations in Two Variables
Solve systems of linear equations exactly and approximately (e.g., with graphs), focusing on pairs of linear equations in two variables.	

Reasoning with Equations and Inequalities

Represent and solve equations and inequalities graphically.

California Common Core State Standards

Aligned Components

A.REI.D.10

Understand that the graph of an equation in two variables is the set of all its solutions plotted in the coordinate plane, often forming a curve (which could be a line).

Math 1 M2 Lesson 1: Solution Sets of Linear Equations in Two Variables

Math 1 M2 Lesson 2: Graphing Linear Equations in Two Variables

A.REI.D.11

Explain why the x-coordinates of the points where the graphs of the equations y = f(x) and y = g(x) intersect are the solutions of the equation f(x) = g(x); find the solutions approximately, e.g., using technology to graph the functions, make tables of values, or find successive approximations. Include cases where f(x) and/or g(x) are linear, polynomial, rational, absolute value, exponential, and logarithmic functions.

Math 1 M3 Lesson 10: Using Graphs to Solve Equations

Math 1 M5 Lesson 11: Solving Equations Containing Exponential Expressions

Math 1 M5 Lesson 19: Comparing Growth of Functions

A.REI.D.12

Graph the solutions to a linear inequality in two variables as a half-plane (excluding the boundary in the case of a strict inequality), and graph the solution set to a system of linear inequalities in two variables as the intersection of the corresponding half-planes.

Math 1 M2 Topic C: Linear Inequalities and Systems of Linear Inequalities in Two Variables

Math 1 M6 Lesson 3: Analyzing Paint Splatters

Math 1 M6 Lesson 9: Solar System Models

Math 1 M6 Lesson 10: Designing a Fundraiser

Math 1 M6 Lesson 11: A Vanishing Sea

Interpreting Functions

Understand the concept of a function and use function notation.

California Common Core State Standards

Aligned Components

F.IF.A.1	Math 1 M3 Topic A: Functions and Their Graphs
Understand that a function from one set (called the domain) to another set (called the range) assigns to each element of the domain exactly one element of the range. If f is a function and x is an element of its domain, then $f(x)$ denotes the output of f corresponding to the input x . The graph of f is the graph of the equation $y = f(x)$.	
F.IF.A.2	Math 1 M3 Lesson 2: Interpreting and Using Function Notation
Use function notation, evaluate functions	Math 1 M3 Lesson 3: Representing, Naming, and Evaluating Functions
for inputs in their domains, and interpret	Math 1 M3 Lesson 7: Representations of Functions
statements that use function notation in terms of a context.	Math 1 M5 Lesson 1: Exploring Patterns
	Math 1 M5 Lesson 2: The Recursive Challenge
	Math 1 M5 Lesson 3: Recursive Formulas for Sequences
	Math 1 M5 Lesson 4: Explicit Formulas for Sequences
F.IF.A.3	Math 1 M5 Topic A: Arithmetic and Geometric Sequences
Recognize that sequences are functions, sometimes defined recursively, whose domain is a subset of the integers.	

Interpreting Functions

Interpret functions that arise in applications in terms of the context.

California Common Core State Standards

Aligned Components

F.IF.B.4	Math 1 M3 Lesson 8: Exploring Key Features of a Function and Its Graph
For a function that models a relationship between two quantities, interpret key features of graphs and tables in terms	Math 1 M3 Lesson 9: Identifying Key Features of a Function and Its Graph Math 1 M3 Lesson 11: Comparing Functions
of the quantities, and sketch graphs	Math 1 M3 Lesson 12: Sketching Graphs of Functions from Verbal Descriptions
showing key features given a verbal	Math 1 M3 Lesson 13: Modeling Elevation as a Function of Time
description of the relationship.	Math 1 M3 Lesson 15: Mars Curiosity Rover
F.IF.B.5	Math 1 M3 Lesson 4: The Graph of a Function
Relate the domain of a function to its graph and, where applicable, to the quantitative relationship it describes.	Math 1 M3 Lesson 13: Modeling Elevation as a Function of Time
F.IF.B.6	Math 1 M5 Lesson 17: Average Rate of Change
Calculate and interpret the average	Math 1 M5 Lesson 18: Analyzing Exponential Growth
rate of change of a function (presented symbolically or as a table) over a specified	Math 1 M5 Lesson 19: Comparing Growth of Functions
interval. Estimate the rate of change from a graph.	Math 1 M5 Lesson 23: Modeling an Invasive Species Population

Interpreting Functions

Analyze functions using different representations.

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Aligned Components

F.IF.C.7	Supplemental material is necessary to address this standard.
Graph functions expressed symbolically and show key features of the graph, by hand in simple cases and using technology for more complicated cases.	
F.IF.C.7.a Graph linear and quadratic functions and show intercepts, maxima, and minima.	Math 1 M3 Lesson 5: The Graph of the Equation $y = f(x)$ Math 1 M3 Lesson 6: Using Pseudocode to Compare Graphs of Functions and Graphs of Equations Math 1 M3 Lesson 7: Representations of Functions
F.IF.C.7.e Graph exponential and logarithmic functions, showing intercepts and end behavior, and trigonometric functions, showing period, midline, and amplitude.	Math 1 M5 Lesson 8: Graphing Exponential Functions Math 1 M5 Lesson 9: Using Transformations to Graph Exponential Functions (Bases Greater Than 1) Math 1 M5 Lesson 10: Using Transformations to Graph Exponential Functions (Bases Between 0 and 1)
F.IF.C.9 Compare properties of two functions each represented in a different way (algebraically, graphically, numerically in tables, or by verbal descriptions).	Math 1 M3 Lesson 11: Comparing Functions

Building Functions

Build a function that models a relationship between two quantities.

California Common Core State Standards

Aligned Components

### F.BF.A.1.b F.BF.A.1.b Combine standard function types using arithmetic operations. ###################################		
A relationship between two quantities. Math 1 M6 Lesson 10: Designing a Fundraiser Math 1 M6 Lesson 11: A Vanishing Sea Math 1 M6 Lesson 11: A Vanishing Sea Math 1 M1 Lesson 2: Looking for Patterns Math 1 M5 Topic A: Arithmetic and Geometric Sequences Math 1 M5 Lesson 7: Exponential Functions Math 1 M5 Lesson 13: Calculating Interest Math 1 M6 Lesson 3: Analyzing Paint Splatters Math 1 M6 Topic C: Developing Models for Contexts F.BF.A.1.b Combine standard function types using arithmetic operations. Math 1 M5 Lesson 22: Modeling the Temperature of Objects Cooling Over Time Math 1 M6 Lesson 8: The Deal Math 1 M5 Lesson 5: Arithmetic and Geometric Sequences Math 1 M5 Lesson 6: Representations of Arithmetic and Geometric Sequences Math 1 M6 Lesson 8: The Deal	F.BF.A.1	Math 1 M6 Lesson 3: Analyzing Paint Splatters
F.BF.A.1.a Determine an explicit expression, a recursive process, or steps for calculation from a context. Math 1 M5 Lesson 2: Looking for Patterns Math 1 M5 Topic A: Arithmetic and Geometric Sequences Math 1 M5 Lesson 7: Exponential Functions Math 1 M5 Lesson 13: Calculating Interest Math 1 M6 Lesson 3: Analyzing Paint Splatters Math 1 M6 Topic C: Developing Models for Contexts F.BF.A.1.b Combine standard function types using arithmetic operations. F.BF.A.2 Write arithmetic and geometric sequences both recursively and with an explicit formula, use them to model situations, and translate between the	Write a function that describes	Math 1 M6 Lesson 9: Solar System Models
F.BF.A.1.a Determine an explicit expression, a recursive process, or steps for calculation from a context. Math 1 M5 Lesson 7: Exponential Functions Math 1 M5 Lesson 13: Calculating Interest Math 1 M6 Lesson 3: Analyzing Paint Splatters Math 1 M6 Topic C: Developing Models for Contexts F.BF.A.1.b Combine standard function types using arithmetic operations. Math 1 M6 Lesson 8: The Deal Math 1 M6 Lesson 5: Arithmetic and Geometric Sequences Math 1 M6 Lesson 8: The Deal Math 1 M6 Lesson 8: The Deal Math 1 M6 Lesson 8: The Deal	a relationship between two quantities.	Math 1 M6 Lesson 10: Designing a Fundraiser
Determine an explicit expression, a recursive process, or steps for calculation from a context. Math 1 M5 Topic A: Arithmetic and Geometric Sequences Math 1 M5 Lesson 7: Exponential Functions Math 1 M5 Lesson 13: Calculating Interest Math 1 M6 Lesson 3: Analyzing Paint Splatters Math 1 M6 Topic C: Developing Models for Contexts F.BF.A.1.b Combine standard function types using arithmetic operations. Math 1 M6 Lesson 8: The Deal Math 1 M6 Lesson 5: Arithmetic and Geometric Sequences Math 1 M5 Lesson 6: Representations of Arithmetic and Geometric Sequences Math 1 M6 Lesson 8: The Deal		Math 1 M6 Lesson 11: A Vanishing Sea
a recursive process, or steps for calculation from a context. Math 1 M5 Lesson 7: Exponential Functions Math 1 M5 Lesson 13: Calculating Interest Math 1 M6 Lesson 3: Analyzing Paint Splatters Math 1 M6 Topic C: Developing Models for Contexts F.BF.A.1.b Combine standard function types using arithmetic operations. Math 1 M5 Lesson 22: Modeling the Temperature of Objects Cooling Over Time Math 1 M6 Lesson 8: The Deal Math 1 M5 Lesson 5: Arithmetic and Geometric Sequences Math 1 M5 Lesson 6: Representations of Arithmetic and Geometric Sequences Math 1 M6 Lesson 8: The Deal Math 1 M6 Lesson 8: The Deal	F.BF.A.1.a	Math 1 M1 Lesson 2: Looking for Patterns
Math 1 M5 Lesson 13: Calculating Interest Math 1 M6 Lesson 3: Analyzing Paint Splatters Math 1 M6 Topic C: Developing Models for Contexts F.BF.A.1.b Combine standard function types using arithmetic operations. Math 1 M5 Lesson 22: Modeling the Temperature of Objects Cooling Over Time Math 1 M6 Lesson 8: The Deal Math 1 M5 Lesson 5: Arithmetic and Geometric Sequences Write arithmetic and geometric sequences both recursively and with an explicit formula, use them to model situations, and translate between the	Determine an explicit expression,	Math 1 M5 Topic A: Arithmetic and Geometric Sequences
Math 1 M5 Lesson 13: Calculating Interest Math 1 M6 Lesson 3: Analyzing Paint Splatters Math 1 M6 Topic C: Developing Models for Contexts F.BF.A.1.b Combine standard function types using arithmetic operations. Math 1 M5 Lesson 22: Modeling the Temperature of Objects Cooling Over Time Math 1 M6 Lesson 8: The Deal Math 1 M6 Lesson 8: The Deal Math 1 M5 Lesson 5: Arithmetic and Geometric Sequences Write arithmetic and geometric sequences of Arithmetic and Geometric Sequences Math 1 M6 Lesson 8: The Deal Math 1 M6 Lesson 8: The Deal	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Math 1 M5 Lesson 7: Exponential Functions
F.BF.A.1.b Math 1 M5 Lesson 22: Modeling the Temperature of Objects Cooling Over Time Math 1 M6 Lesson 8: The Deal Math 1 M5 Lesson 8: Arithmetic and Geometric Sequences Write arithmetic and geometric sequences both recursively and with an explicit formula, use them to model situations, and translate between the	calculation from a context.	Math 1 M5 Lesson 13: Calculating Interest
F.BF.A.1.b Combine standard function types using arithmetic operations. Math 1 M5 Lesson 22: Modeling the Temperature of Objects Cooling Over Time Math 1 M6 Lesson 8: The Deal Math 1 M5 Lesson 5: Arithmetic and Geometric Sequences Write arithmetic and geometric sequences both recursively and with an explicit formula, use them to model situations, and translate between the		Math 1 M6 Lesson 3: Analyzing Paint Splatters
Combine standard function types using arithmetic operations. Math 1 M6 Lesson 8: The Deal Math 1 M6 Lesson 8: The Deal Math 1 M5 Lesson 5: Arithmetic and Geometric Sequences Write arithmetic and geometric sequences of Arithmetic and Geometric Sequences Math 1 M5 Lesson 6: Representations of Arithmetic and Geometric Sequences Math 1 M6 Lesson 8: The Deal Math 1 M6 Lesson 8: The Deal		Math 1 M6 Topic C: Developing Models for Contexts
F.BF.A.2 Write arithmetic and geometric sequences Write arithmetic and geometric sequences both recursively and with an explicit formula, use them to model situations, and translate between the Math 1 M5 Lesson 5: Arithmetic and Geometric Sequences Math 1 M5 Lesson 6: Representations of Arithmetic and Geometric Sequences Math 1 M6 Lesson 8: The Deal	F.BF.A.1.b	Math 1 M5 Lesson 22: Modeling the Temperature of Objects Cooling Over Time
Write arithmetic and geometric sequences both recursively and with an explicit formula, use them to model situations, and translate between the Math 1 M5 Lesson 6: Representations of Arithmetic and Geometric Sequences Math 1 M5 Lesson 8: The Deal	,,	Math 1 M6 Lesson 8: The Deal
sequences both recursively and with an explicit formula, use them to model situations, and translate between the	F.BF.A.2	Math 1 M5 Lesson 5: Arithmetic and Geometric Sequences
an explicit formula, use them to model situations, and translate between the	Write arithmetic and geometric	Math 1 M5 Lesson 6: Representations of Arithmetic and Geometric Sequences
situations, and translate between the		Math 1 M6 Lesson 8: The Deal
two forms.	situations, and translate between the	
	two forms.	

Building Functions

Build new functions from existing functions.

California Common Core State Standards

Aligned Components

F.BF.B.3

Identify the effect on the graph of replacing f(x) by f(x) + k, kf(x), f(kx), and f(x + k) for specific values of k (both positive and negative); find the value of k given the graphs. Experiment with cases and illustrate an explanation of the effects on the graph using technology.

Math 1 M3 Topic D: Transformations of Functions

Math 1 M5 Lesson 9: Using Transformations to Graph Exponential Functions (Bases Greater Than 1)

Math 1 M5 Lesson 10: Using Transformations to Graph Exponential Functions (Bases Between 0 and 1)

Math 1 M5 Lesson 12: Writing Equations for Exponential Functions from Tables or Graphs

Linear, Quadratic, and Exponential Models

Construct and compare linear, quadratic, and exponential models and solve problem.

California Common Core State Standards

Aligned Components

F.LE.A.1

Distinguish between situations that can be modeled with linear functions and with exponential functions. Math 1 M5 Lesson 13: Calculating Interest

Math 1 M5 Lesson 16: Modeling Populations

Math 1 M5 Lesson 20: World Population Prediction

Math 1 M5 Lesson 21: A Closer Look at Populations

Math 1 M5 Lesson 23: Modeling an Invasive Species Population

Math 1 M6 Lesson 2: Using Residual Plots to Select Models for Data

Math 1 M6 Lesson 3: Analyzing Paint Splatters

Math 1 M6 Lesson 11: A Vanishing Sea

Aligned Components

F.LE.A.1.a	Math 1 M5 Lesson 18: Analyzing Exponential Growth
Prove that linear functions grow by equal differences over equal intervals, and that exponential functions grow by equal factors over equal intervals.	
F.LE.A.1.b	Math 1 M5 Lesson 13: Calculating Interest
Recognize situations in which one	Math 1 M5 Lesson 16: Modeling Populations
quantity changes at a constant rate per unit interval relative to another.	Math 1 M5 Lesson 20: World Population Prediction
per unit interval relative to another.	Math 1 M5 Lesson 21: A Closer Look at Populations
	Math 1 M5 Lesson 23: Modeling an Invasive Species Population
F.LE.A.1.c	Math 1 M5 Lesson 13: Calculating Interest
Recognize situations in which a quantity	Math 1 M5 Lesson 16: Modeling Populations
grows or decays by a constant percent	Math 1 M5 Lesson 20: World Population Prediction
rate per unit interval relative to another.	Math 1 M5 Lesson 21: A Closer Look at Populations
	Math 1 M5 Lesson 23: Modeling an Invasive Species Population
F.LE.A.2	Math 1 M5 Lesson 7: Exponential Functions
Construct linear and exponential functions, including arithmetic and geometric sequences, given a graph, a description of a relationship, or two input-output pairs (include reading these	Math 1 M5 Lesson 12: Writing Equations for Exponential Functions from Tables or Graphs
	Math 1 M5 Lesson 14: Exponential Growth
	Math 1 M5 Lesson 15: Exponential Decay
	Math 1 M5 Topic D: Comparing Linear and Exponential Models
from a table).	Math 1 M6 Lesson 3: Analyzing Paint Splatters
	Math 1 M6 Topic C: Developing Models for Contexts

Aligned Components

F.LE.A.3

Observe using graphs and tables that a quantity increasing exponentially eventually exceeds a quantity increasing linearly, quadratically, or (more generally) as a polynomial function.

Math 1 M5 Lesson 19: Comparing Growth of Functions

Linear, Quadratic, and Exponential Models

Interpret expressions for functions in terms of the situation they model.

California Common Core State Standards

Aligned Components

F.LE.B.5

Interpret the parameters in a linear or exponential function in terms of a context.

Math 1 M5 Lesson 16: Modeling Populations

Math 1 M5 Lesson 18: Analyzing Exponential Growth

Math 1 M5 Lesson 22: Modeling the Temperature of Objects Cooling Over Time

Math 1 M5 Lesson 23: Modeling an Invasive Species Population

Congruence

Experiment with transformations in the plane.

California Common Core State Standards

Aligned Components

G.CO.A.1

Know precise definitions of angle, circle, perpendicular line, parallel line, and line segment, based on the undefined notions of point, line, distance along a line, and distance around a circular arc.

Math 1 M4 Lesson 2: Translations of the Coordinate Plane

Math 1 M4 Lesson 3: Rotations of the Coordinate Plane

Math 1 M4 Lesson 5: Proving the Perpendicular Criterion

Aligned Components

G.CO.A.2	Math 1 M4 Lesson 1: Geometric Transformations
Represent transformations in the plane using, e.g., transparencies and geometry software; describe transformations as functions that take points in the plane as inputs and give other points as outputs. Compare transformations that preserve distance and angle to those that do not (e.g., translation versus horizontal stretch).	
G.CO.A.3 Given a rectangle, parallelogram, trapezoid, or regular polygon, describe the rotations and reflections that carry it onto itself.	Math 1 M4 Lesson 12: Reflective Symmetry and Rotational Symmetry
G.CO.A.4 Develop definitions of rotations, reflections, and translations in terms of angles, circles, perpendicular lines, parallel lines, and line segments.	Math 1 M4 Lesson 2: Translations of the Coordinate Plane Math 1 M4 Lesson 3: Rotations of the Coordinate Plane Math 1 M4 Lesson 4: Reflections of the Coordinate Plane Math 1 M4 Lesson 5: Proving the Perpendicular Criterion Math 1 M4 Lesson 8: Reflections of the Plane Math 1 M4 Lesson 9: Rotations of the Plane Math 1 M4 Lesson 10: Rotations of the Plane with Bisected and Copied Angles Math 1 M4 Lesson 11: Translations of the Plane

Aligned Components

G.CO.A.5

Given a geometric figure and a rotation, reflection, or translation, draw the transformed figure using, e.g., graph paper, tracing paper, or geometry software. Specify a sequence of transformations that will carry a given figure onto another.

Math 1 M4 Lesson 2: Translations of the Coordinate Plane

Math 1 M4 Lesson 3: Rotations of the Coordinate Plane

Math 1 M4 Lesson 4: Reflections of the Coordinate Plane

Math 1 M4 Lesson 5: Proving the Perpendicular Criterion

Math 1 M4 Lesson 13: Sequences of Basic Rigid Motions

Math 1 M4 Lesson 14: Transformations of the Coordinate Plane

Math 1 M4 Lesson 15: Designs with Rigid Motions

Math 1 M4 Lesson 16: Congruent Figures

Congruence

Understand congruence in terms of rigid motions.

California Common Core State Standards

Aligned Components

G.CO.B.6

Use geometric descriptions of rigid motions to transform figures and to predict the effect of a given rigid motion on a given figure; given two figures, use the definition of congruence in terms of rigid motions to decide if they are congruent.

Math 1 M4 Lesson 14: Transformations of the Coordinate Plane

Math 1 M4 Lesson 16: Congruent Figures

Aligned Components

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Use the definition of congruence in terms of rigid motions to show that two triangles are congruent if and only if corresponding pairs of sides and corresponding pairs of angles are congruent.

Math 1 M4 Lesson 17: Congruent Triangles

G.CO.B.8

Explain how the criteria for triangle congruence (ASA, SAS, and SSS) follow from the definition of congruence in terms of rigid motions.

Math 1 M4 Lesson 18: Side-Angle-Side

Math 1 M4 Lesson 19: Angle-Angle and Side-Side-Side

Math 1 M4 Lesson 20: Angle-Side-Angle

Math 1 M4 Lesson 21: Side-Side-Angle and Hypotenuse-Leg

Congruence

Make geometric constructions.

California Common Core State Standards

Aligned Components

G.CO.D.12

Make formal geometric constructions with a variety of tools and methods (compass and straightedge, string, reflective devices, paper folding, dynamic geometric software, etc.).

Math 1 M4 Lesson 6: Compass and Straightedge Constructions

Math 1 M4 Lesson 7: Constructing Perpendicular Lines

Math 1 M4 Lesson 8: Reflections of the Plane

Math 1 M4 Lesson 10: Rotations of the Plane with Bisected and Copied Angles

Math 1 M4 Lesson 11: Translations of the Plane

Math 1 M4 Lesson 22: Validating Triangle and Angle Constructions

Math 1 M4 Lesson 23: Validating Perpendicular Line Constructions

Math 1 M4 Lesson 26: Sierpinski Triangle

Aligned Components

G.CO.D.13	Math 1 M4 Lesson 9: Rotations of the Plane
Construct an equilateral triangle, a square, and a regular hexagon inscribed in a circle.	Math 1 M4 Lesson 24: Squares Inscribed in Circles Math 1 M4 Lesson 25: Regular Hexagons and Equilateral Triangles Inscribed in Circles

Expressing Geometric Properties with Equations

Use coordinates to prove simple geometric theorems algebraically.

California	Common Core
State	Standards

Aligned Components

G.GPE.B.4	Math 1 M2 Lesson 4: Proving Conditional Statements
Use coordinates to prove simple geometric theorems algebraically.	Math 1 M2 Lesson 5: Proving Biconditional Statements Math 1 M2 Lesson 6: Proving the Parallel Criterion Math 1 M2 Lesson 19: The Distance Formula
G.GPE.B.5	Math 1 M2 Lesson 20: Proving Geometric Theorems Algebraically Math 1 M2 Lesson 6: Proving the Parallel Criterion
Prove the slope criteria for parallel and perpendicular lines and use them to solve geometric problems (e.g., find the equation of a line parallel or perpendicular to a given line that passes through a given point).	Math 1 M2 Lesson 7: Equations of Parallel and Perpendicular Lines Math 1 M2 Lesson 20: Proving Geometric Theorems Algebraically Math 1 M4 Lesson 5: Proving the Perpendicular Criterion

Aligned Components

G.GPE.B./	
Use coordinates to compute perimeters	
of polygons and areas of triangles	
and rectangles, e.g., using the	

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distance formula.

Math 1 M2 Lesson 21: Using Coordinates to Determine Perimeters and Areas of Figures

Math 1 M6 Lesson 3: Analyzing Paint Splatters

Math 1 M6 Lesson 9: Solar System Models

Math 1 M6 Lesson 10: Designing a Fundraiser

Math 1 M6 Lesson 11: A Vanishing Sea

Interpreting Categorical and Quantitative Data

Summarize, represent, and interpret data on a single count or measurement variable.

California Common Core State Standards

Aligned Components

S.ID.A.1 Represent data with plots on the real number line (dot plots, histograms, and box plots).	Math 1 M1 Lesson 17: Distributions and Their Shapes Math 1 M1 Lesson 18: Describing the Center of a Distribution Math 1 M1 Lesson 19: Using Center to Compare Data Distributions Math 1 M6 Lesson 1: Using Data to Edit Digital Photography
S.ID.A.2	Math 1 M1 Topic D: Univariate Data
Use statistics appropriate to the shape of the data distribution to compare center (median, mean) and spread (interquartile range, standard deviation) of two or more different data sets.	Math 1 M6 Lesson 1: Using Data to Edit Digital Photography
S.ID.A.3	Math 1 M1 Topic D: Univariate Data
Interpret differences in shape, center, and spread in the context of the data sets, accounting for possible effects of extreme data points (outliers).	

Interpreting Categorical and Quantitative Data

Summarize, represent, and interpret data on two categorical and quantitative variables.

California Common Core State Standards

Aligned Components

S.ID.B.5	Math 1 M6 Topic B: Modeling with Categorical Data
Summarize categorical data for two categories in two-way frequency tables. Interpret relative frequencies in the context of the data (including joint, marginal, and conditional relative frequencies). Recognize possible associations and trends in the data.	
S.ID.B.6	Math 1 M2 Lesson 22: Relationships Between Quantitative Variables
Represent data on two quantitative variables on a scatter plot, and describe how the variables are related.	Math 1 M2 Lesson 28: Analyzing Bivariate Quantitative Data
S.ID.B.6.a	Math 1 M2 Lesson 23: Using Lines to Model Bivariate Quantitative Data
Fit a function to the data; use functions fitted to data to solve problems in the context of the data.	Math 1 M6 Lesson 2: Using Residual Plots to Select Models for Data
S.ID.B.6.b	Math 1 M2 Lesson 25: Calculating and Analyzing Residuals
Informally assess the fit of a function	Math 1 M2 Lesson 26: Analyzing Residuals
by plotting and analyzing residuals.	Math 1 M6 Lesson 2: Using Residual Plots to Select Models for Data

Aligned Components

S.ID.B.6.c	Math 1 M2 Lesson 23: Using Lines to Model Bivariate Quantitative Data
Fit a linear function for a scatter plot that suggests a linear association.	Math 1 M2 Lesson 24: Modeling Relationships with a Line
	Math 1 M2 Lesson 25: Calculating and Analyzing Residuals
	Math 1 M2 Lesson 27: Interpreting Correlation
	Math 1 M6 Lesson 2: Using Residual Plots to Select Models for Data

Interpreting Categorical and Quantitative Data

Interpret linear models.

California Common Core State Standards

Aligned Components

S.ID.C.7 Interpret the slope (rate of change) and the intercept (constant term) of a linear model in the context of the data.	Math 1 M2 Lesson 23: Using Lines to Model Bivariate Quantitative Data Math 1 M2 Lesson 24: Modeling Relationships with a Line Math 1 M2 Lesson 28: Analyzing Bivariate Quantitative Data
S.ID.C.8 Compute (using technology) and interpret the correlation coefficient of a linear fit.	Math 1 M2 Lesson 27: Interpreting Correlation Math 1 M2 Lesson 28: Analyzing Bivariate Quantitative Data
S.ID.C.9 Distinguish between correlation and causation.	Math 1 M2 Lesson 27: Interpreting Correlation Math 1 M2 Lesson 28: Analyzing Bivariate Quantitative Data